Using Graphing Styles in the Y= Menu MathPrint View

Objectives:

- List ways to clarify similar or confusing graphs
- Change the graphing color and/or style
- Use any of the eight graphing styles in the Y= menu

List ways to clarify similar or confusing graphs

When there are several equations in the Y= menu, but the graphs are similar or confusing, some ways to help identify which graph goes with which equation are:

- Notice the different colors automatically assigned to each graph, or change the color.
- Use a different graphing style for each graph using symbols to the left of the function in the Y= menu.

These first two methods are explained here.

- Turn off some graphs by un-selecting the = next to that function in the Y= menu.
- Change MODE to SEQUENTIAL. The GC will graph y_1 , then y_2 , and so on, in order.

Change the graphing color and/or style

In the Y= menu, notice the diagonal bar to the left of the equal sign. This is the "bold" graphing style. **KEY POINT:** If you move left of y_1 , and press enter, you will enter a menu to change the color and/or style.



Press ENTER to select a color and move to the graphing style menu.

To change the style, press

] _{or} [

to move through the list of styles, which is:

- 1) Bold makes a thick graph:
- 2) Shade above use for inequalities where $y > \text{ or } y \ge$:
- 3) Shade below use for inequalities where $y < \text{ or } y \le :$

- 4) Bubble- to watch a particular graph appear on the screen: $\begin{bmatrix} \bullet \forall Y_1 = \end{bmatrix}$
- 5) Invisible bubble to compare a graph to other graphs, without graphing it:
- 6) Bold Dotted makes the graph dotted:
- 7) Thin Dotted makes the graph finely dotted:
- 8) Plain 🐴 🐴 🕹
- 9) Back to Bold again

Press ENTER to select a style and move to the OK position. Press ENTER again to complete selection.

Use any of the eight graphing styles in the Y= menu

Example 1: Graph $y_1 = 3x - 7$ in a standard window using each style.







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■NY1■3X-7	± /
■NY2=	····
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NY4=	Ŧ
7) Plain:	1